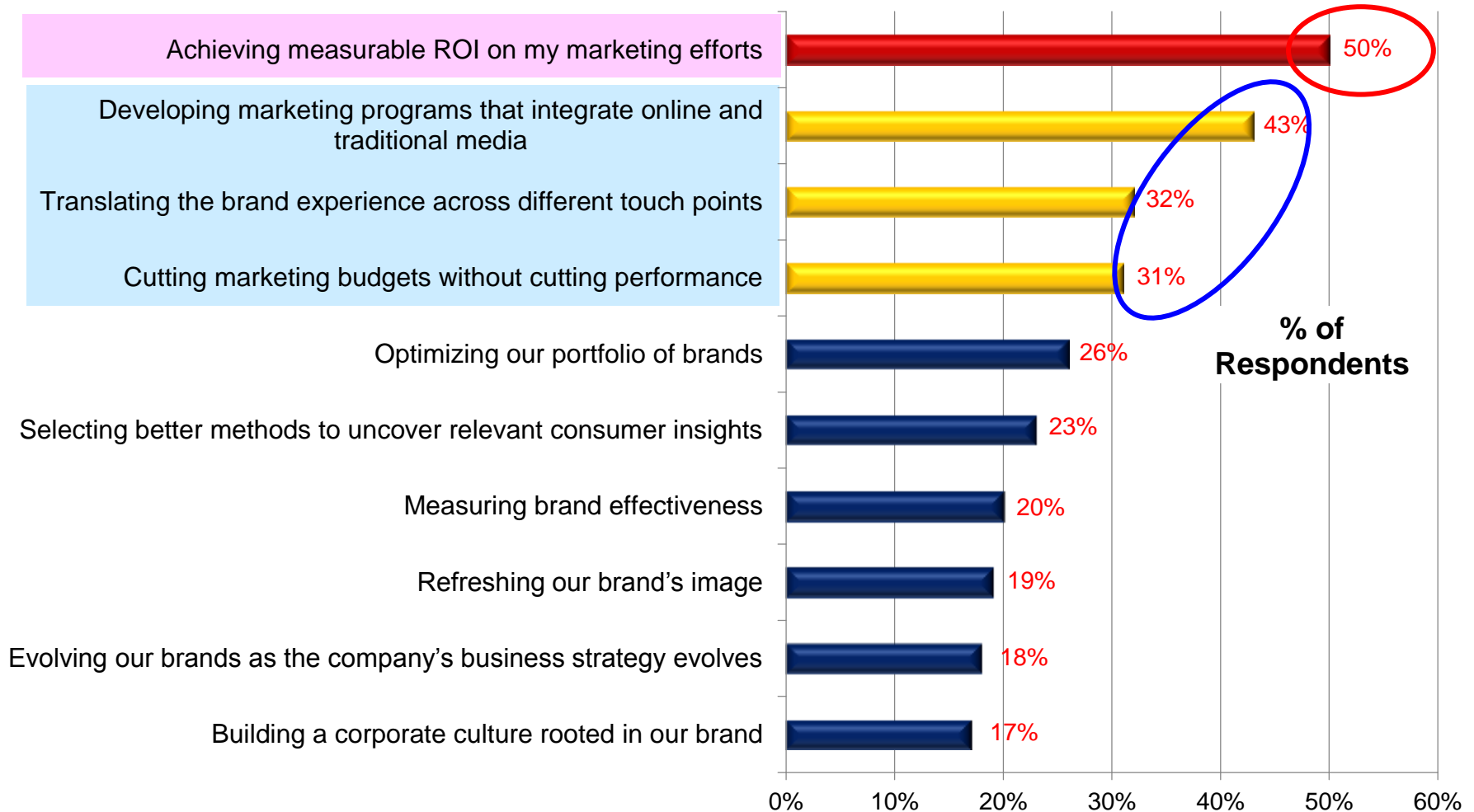


# Leading Priorities for US Chief Marketing Officer in 2009 **RIVERS**

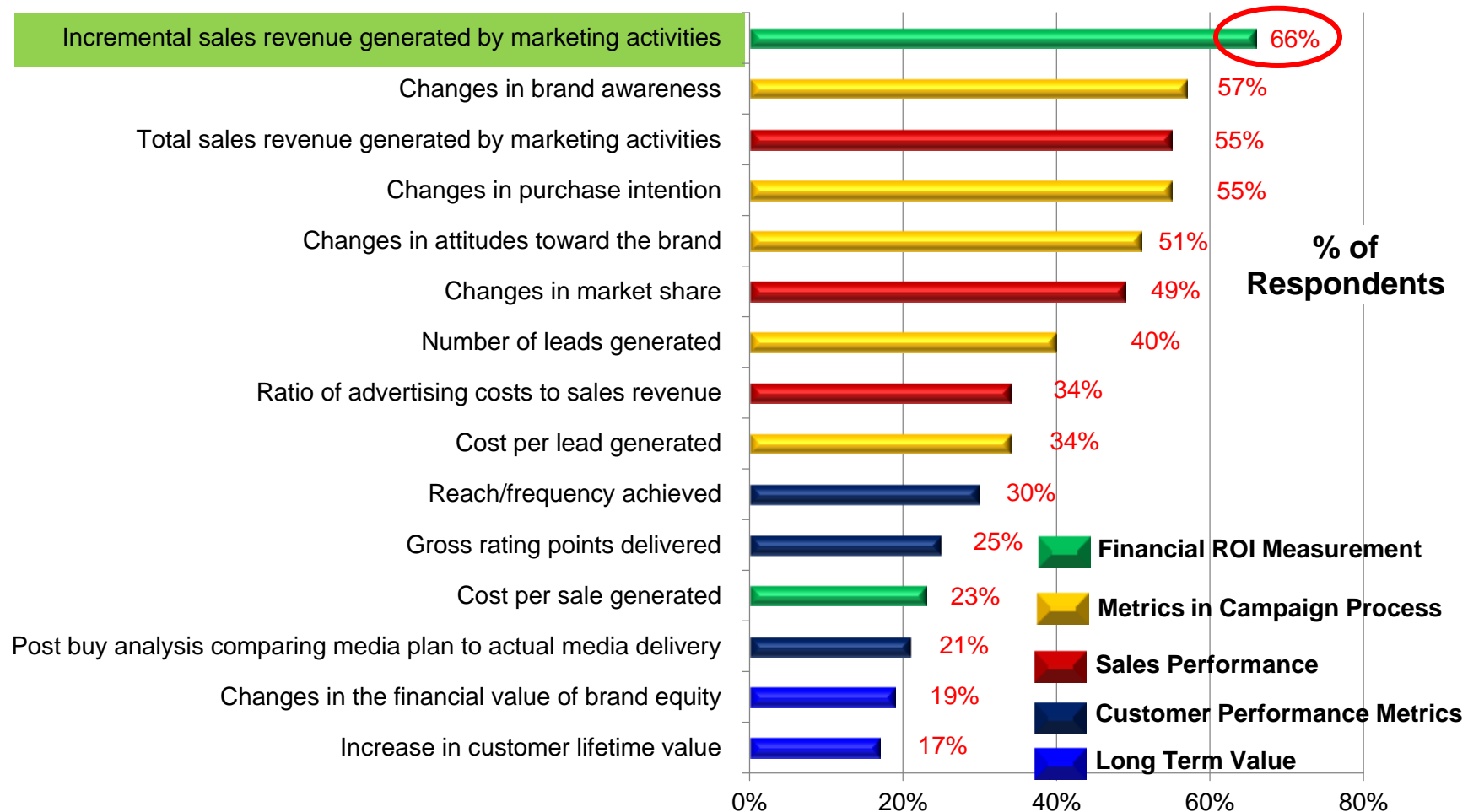


➤ Top Priority is to **achieve Measurable ROI**.

➤ 2<sup>nd</sup> level priority is to **integrate online and offline media, understand customer experience, & cut marketing budget.**

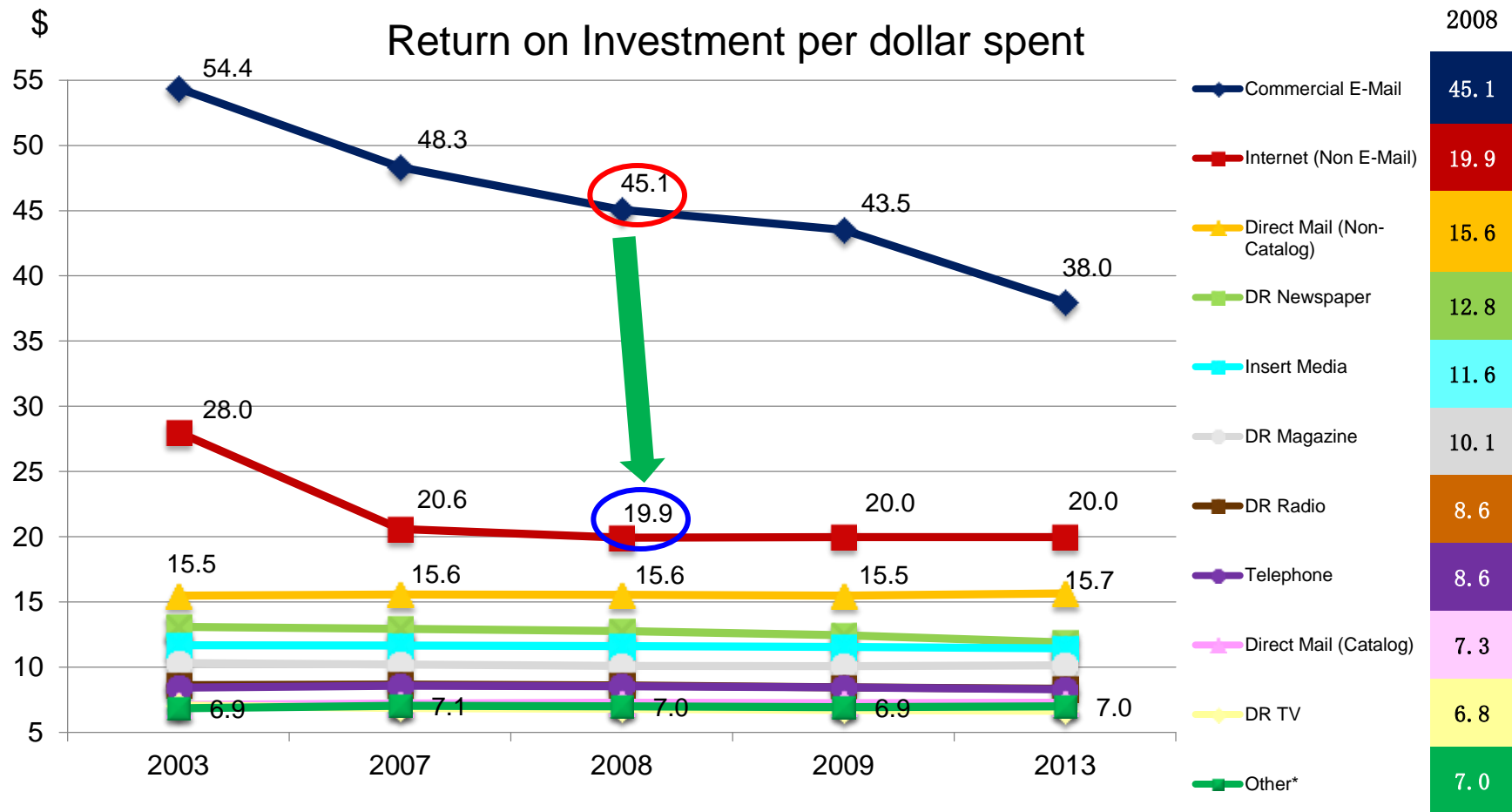
Note: n=101

Source: JupiterResearch and Verse Group, "CMO Priorities for 2009."



- Financial ROI Definition:  $ROI = \frac{\text{Total Sales}}{\text{Total Cost of Sales} + \text{Cost of Campaign} + \text{Overhead}} - 100\%$
- The highest response of marketing & Sales ROI definition is about incremental sales revenue, which is same as Financial ROI.
- Metrics in Campaign Process is at the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest response level, as they're the measurable metrics to improve Financial ROI.

# US Direct Marketing Media: ROI 2003-2013

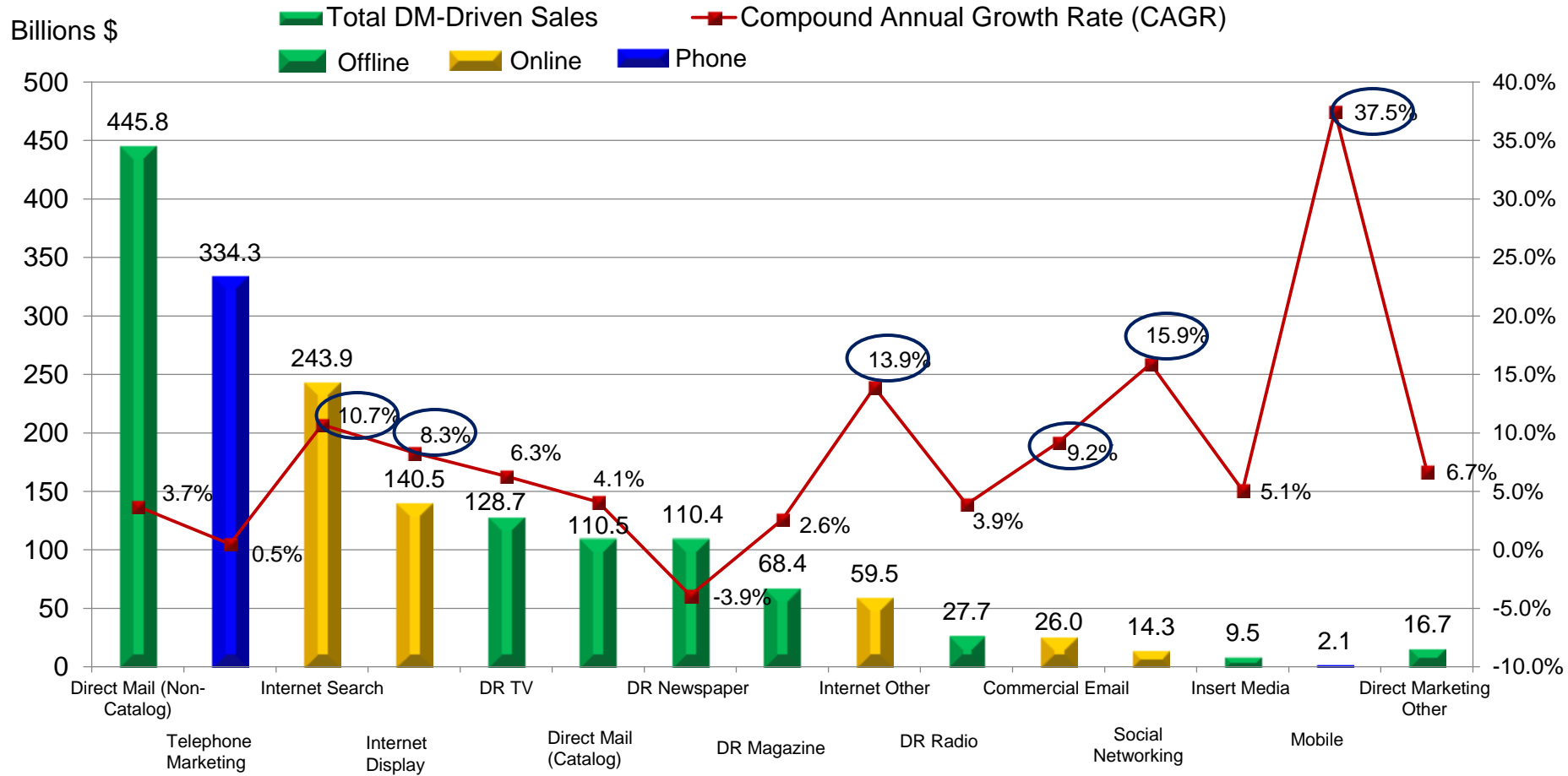


- For 2008, an investment of \$1 in direct marketing Ad expenditures is predicted to return \$11.63 in incremental revenue, which exceeds the \$11.56 in 2007 and will improve to \$11.74 in 2009.
- In 2008, email ROI is expected to be \$45.7 per each \$1 spent, more than twice the ROI of other mediums including search and display (Non-email Online Marketing).

Note: \*Other includes all other trackable DM delivered media including outdoor, facsimiles, podcasting, displays, and kiosks.

Source: The Power of Direct Marketing, 2008-2009, The Direct Marketing Association (DMA).

# Total US Direct Marketing-Driven Sales in 2009-2014 RIVERS



- Total 2009 direct marketing-driven sales of \$1.738 trillion are projected to average 5.1% annual growth through 2014.
- Direct mail (Non-catalog), Telephone marketing and Internet Search are still the top 3 DM vehicles, however, Mobile + Online direct marketing tools are forecasted to have a CAGR over 8%.
- In 2009, direct marketing has captured 54.3% of all advertising spend in US, and is forecasted to remain above 53 percent for the next five years.

Source: The Power of Direct Marketing 2009-2010, Direct Marketing Association

# ROI Case 1 – Revenue Increment of Value Migration in Customer Segmentation

## Cluster 6 - Extremely High

In FY05-FY08

Revenue Group/ Relevant Index	Number of Customers	Total Annual Revenue (USD)	Average Current Annual Revenue Per Customer	Total Expected Annual Revenue (USD)	Revenue Increment (USD)	Pccount	Employee _Count	Server _Count
Medium+ Small+Bottom	5x	1.xxM	2x.xK	6.xxM	4.xxM	1,xxx	1x,xxx	7x
Top+Big	7x		1xxK			1,xxx	2,xxx	1x

4.4 times



## Cluster 3 - High

In FY05-FY08

Revenue Group/ Relevant Index	Number of Customers	Total Annual Revenue (USD)	Average Current Annual Revenue Per Customer	Total Expected Annual Revenue (USD)	Revenue Increment (USD)	Pccount	Employee _Count	Server _Count
Small+Bottom	1xx	1.xxM	5.xK	6.xxM	5.xxM	8xx	3,xxx	2x
Big+Medium	2xx		3x.xK			3xx	1,xxx	1x

5.8 times

Total Increment  
Revenue

9.xxM

➤ Software Company A conducted a targeted campaign on customers in Cluster 6 & 3 ( 5x & 1xx), and successfully migrated the low-revenue contribution customers to high-revenue contribution customers. The total annual increment revenue reached 9.xx million USD.

➤ The hardware infrastructure and staff number indexes of low-revenue contribution customers are much higher than those of high-revenue contribution customers, which is the critical guarantee of the success of incremental revenue of 9.xx million USD.



- “The median ROI for the projects that **incorporated predictive technologies was 145%**, compared with a median ROI of 89% for those projects that did not.”
  - Source: IDC, “Predictive Analytics and ROI: Lessons from IDC’s Financial Impact Study”

## Why is Predictive Analytics so critical to business decisions?

	Before Analytics	After Analytics
Banner ad click through rates	0.3%	21%
Mail response rates	0.5%	18%
Conversion rates (post-response)	0.9%	10%
Buyer repeat rates	2.0%	60%

**Source:** Performance of analytics targeted to certain consumers cross-industry and channel, research from Forrester, Jupiter, Amazon.com and Ovum (DM Review, Feb 11, 2003)



# ROI Case 2&3: Incremental Contribution of Direct Mail through Predictive Model

## Bank A

### ROI Case 2: Seasonal Sales Event

	Actual Mailing	Mailing to same number of model group	Mailing to first 100,000 model group
Incremental sales due to mailing	\$1,389,273	\$2,066,666	\$1,135,165
Gross margin	35%	35%	35%
ROP cost \$ 464,427 (total)	\$111,343	\$111,343	\$36,283
Direct mail cost (net)	\$343,702	\$343,702	\$112,003
Direct mail contribution (bottom line)	\$31,200	\$268,288	\$249,022
ROI	7%	59%	168%

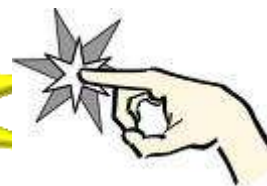
Only difference in 300,000 Targeted customers

### ROI Case 3: Reactivation Mailing

	Inactive criterion group**	Model group*
Size of mailing	16,728	16,567
Incremental sales due to mailing	\$34,314	\$190,451
Gross margin	35%	35%
Direct mail cost (net)	\$23,672	\$23,672
Direct mail contribution (bottom line)	-\$11,662	\$42,985
ROI	-49%	182%

Only difference in 16,567 Targeted customers

**We will help you to do Midas touch.**



**Confidentiality note:** Dollar values are fixed multiples of actual values.

\* Model selection from customers 8+ months inactive, using highest all-information active scores.

\*\* Selection by straightforward inactivity criterion, selecting all customer 9,10 and 11 months inactive.

# ROI Case 4: Increasing 110% Closing Rate (18M USD Revenue) **RIVERS**

	Customers before Selection	Customers after Selection (Target)	Increasing Revenue (M USD)	Cost Saving (M USD)	Closing Rate	Closing Rate Improvement
Marketing Situation (Traditional)	10,000	10,000	0	0	30%	0%
Improving Scenario 1 (Cost Saving)	10,000	3800	-20%	+62%	63.2%	+110%
Improving Scenario 2 (Increasing Revenue)	26,316	10,000	1.26	0	63.2%	+110%

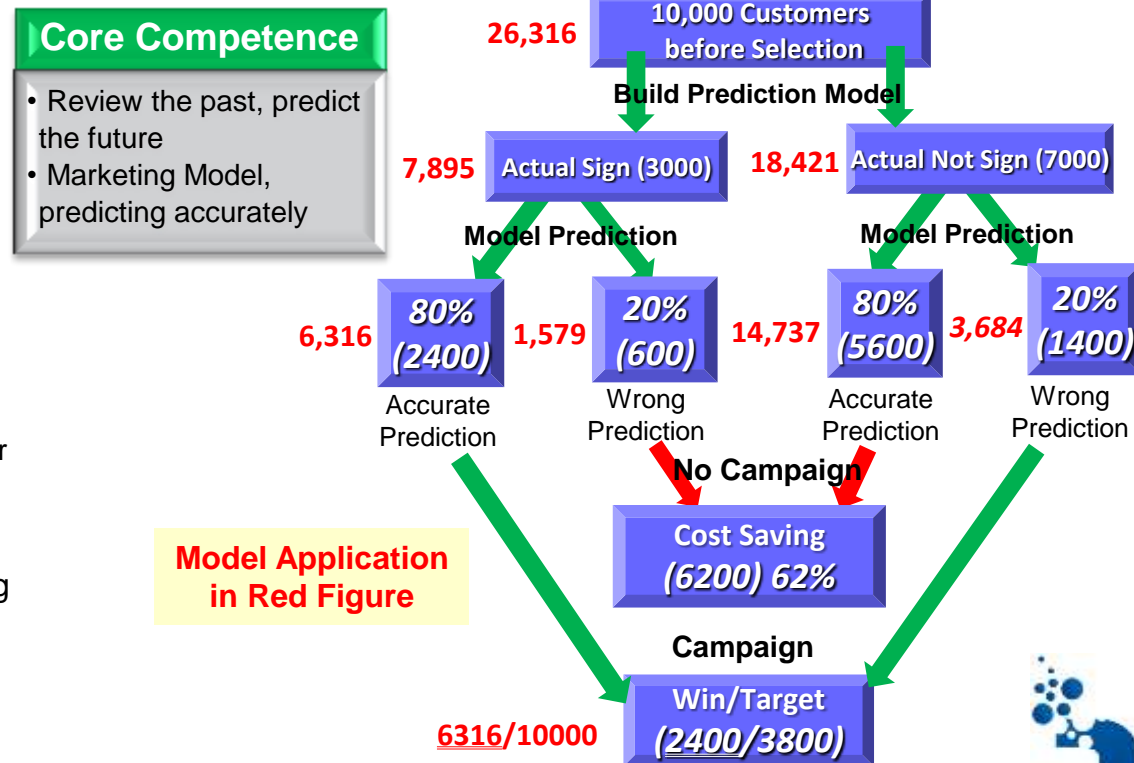
**Marketing Situation & Improving Scenarios:** In 2007, we conducted a marketing campaign to 10,000 customers with 30% closing rate.  
**In 2008, prediction model selected the predicted high response customers, by increasing 110% closing rate (18M USD Revenue.)**

## Scenario 1:

- Keep 10,000 campaign customers before prediction model selection, and the number is reduced to 3,800 after selection.
- Conduct the campaign to 3,800 customers and win 2,400 closing contract (63.2% closing rate), increasing 110% closing rate (saving 62% cost while reducing revenue 20%)

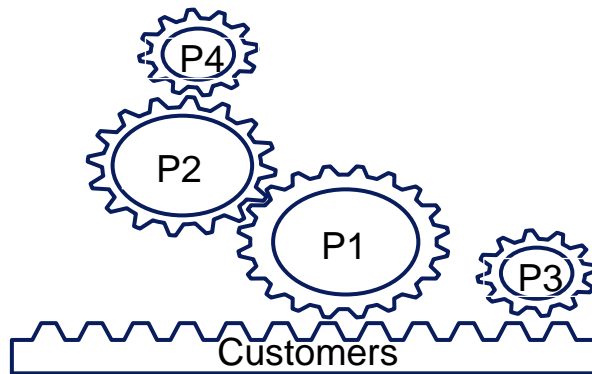
## Scenario 2:

- To keep 10,000 campaign customers after prediction model selection, increasing the number to 26,316 before selection.
- Conduct the campaign to 10,000 customers and win 6,316 closing contract (63.2% closing rate), increasing 110% closing rate (increasing 18M USD revenue with same cost)





- **Cross-sell** sells new products to existing customers by identifying the product relationship and consumer spending behavior.
- **Up-sell** applies the relationship between old and new products in same line, to sell new upgrade products to existing customers.



## Product- Product relationship

- To analyze the relationship and replacement between business and products (upgrade)
- To find appropriate products portfolio and upgrade approach

## Customer-Product Relationship

- To analyze different customers' products interesting characters
- To find sales opportunities by different customers for related product

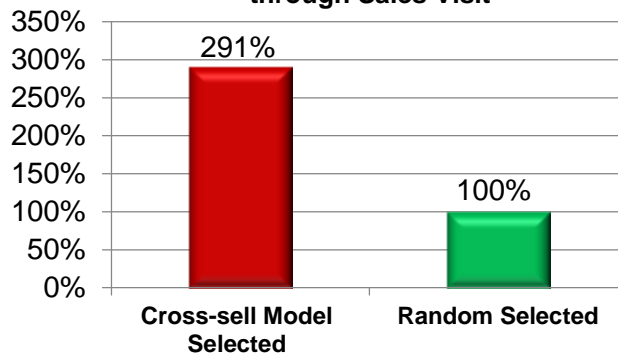
## Associate Analysis

To provide data support for products' cross-sell, up-sell and new product development.

## Response Analysis

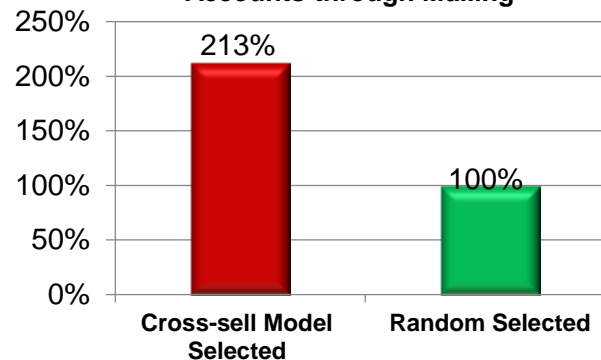
Through response model, to lift response rate and output target customer list

**30% of Cash Management Accounts through Sales Visit**



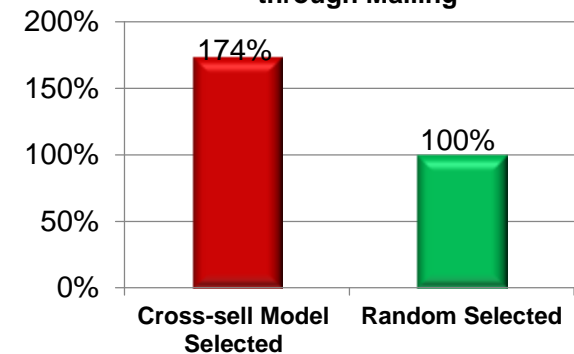
2.91 times of performance result compared with that of Random selected

**35% of Credit Card Fee-Based Accounts through Mailing**

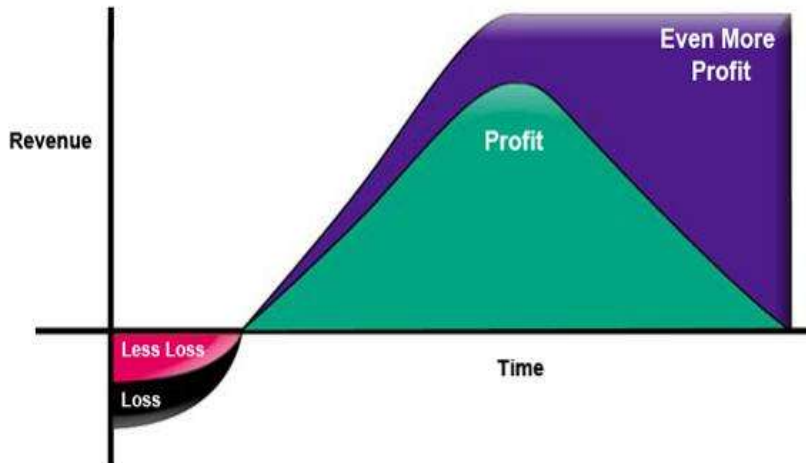


2.13 times of performance result compared with that of Random selected

**35% of Auto Insurance Accounts through Mailing**

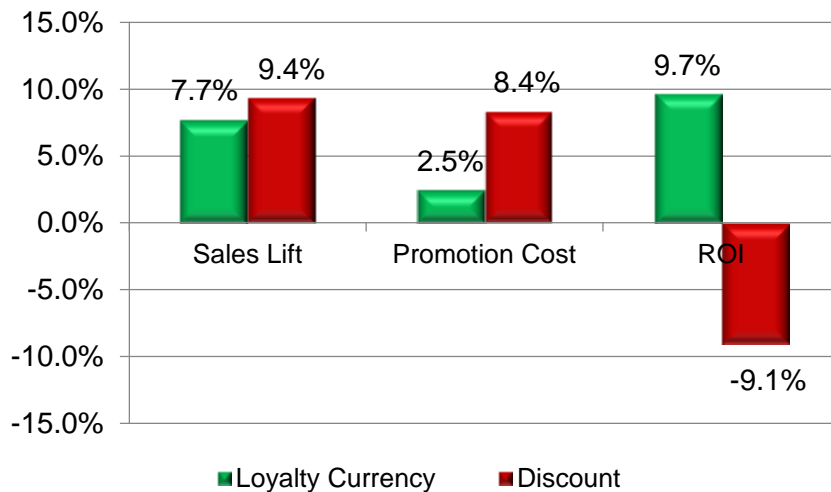


1.74 times of performance result compared with that of Random selected



## Loyalty Program Boosting Customer Lifetime Value

### Loyalty Currency Vs. Discounts

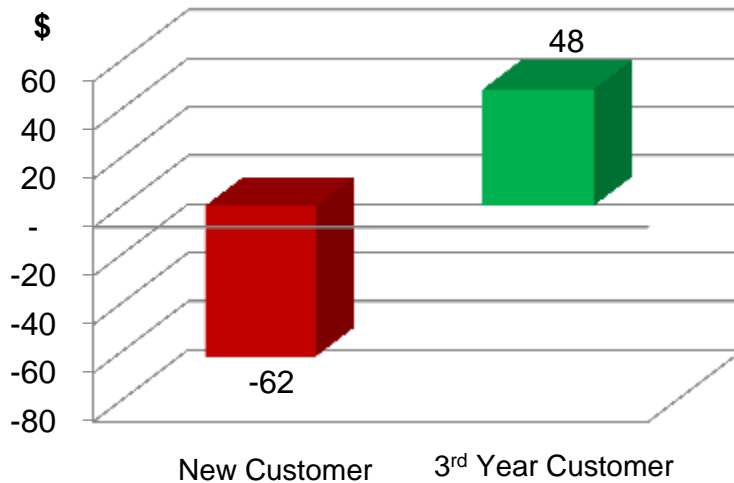


➤ Loyalty Currency Promotions are more profitable vs. Discounts:

- While discounts drive a higher overall average item-lift, they have a significant higher cost.
- Air Miles promotions generate a significantly higher lift relative to cost.

➤ With Loyalty Programs you can identify optimal offers by category in terms of Sales Lift and ROI.

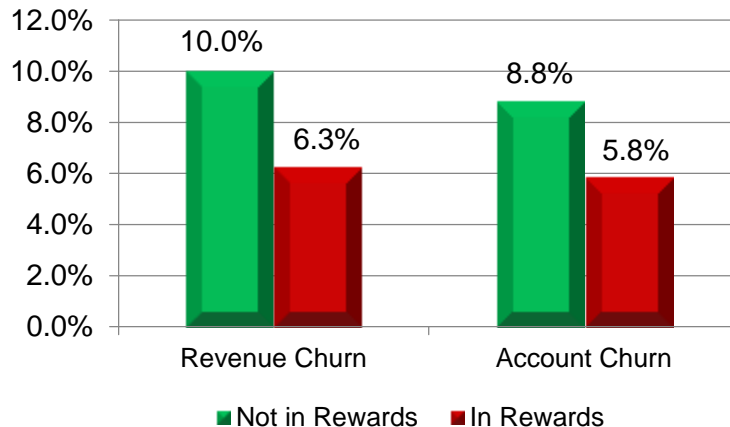
Annual Profit Return on \$100 spent



## Retention pays better than acquisition

- \$100 spent brings **-\$62** return in annual profit for each New Customer
- \$100 spent brings **\$48** return in annual profit for 3<sup>rd</sup> Year customer

Telecom Rewards Program

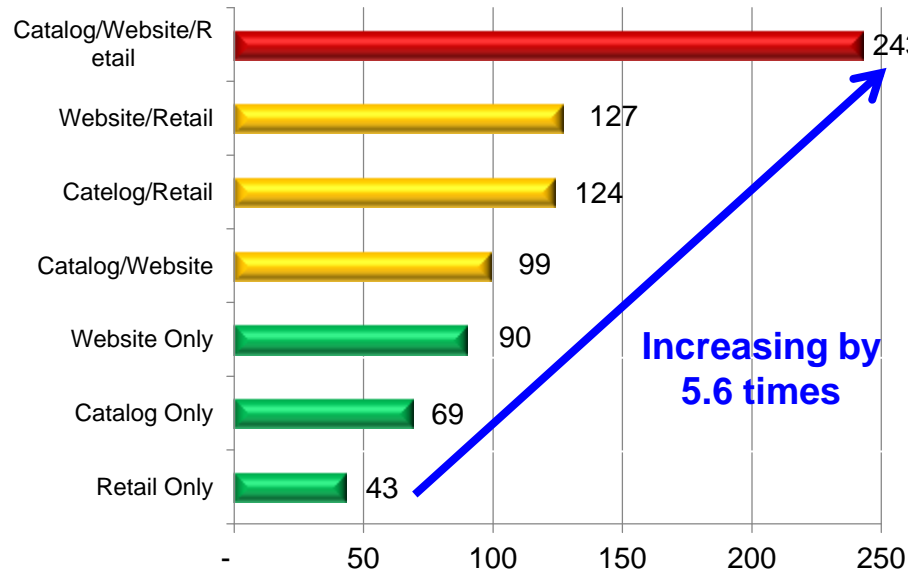


## Loyalty programs boost retention

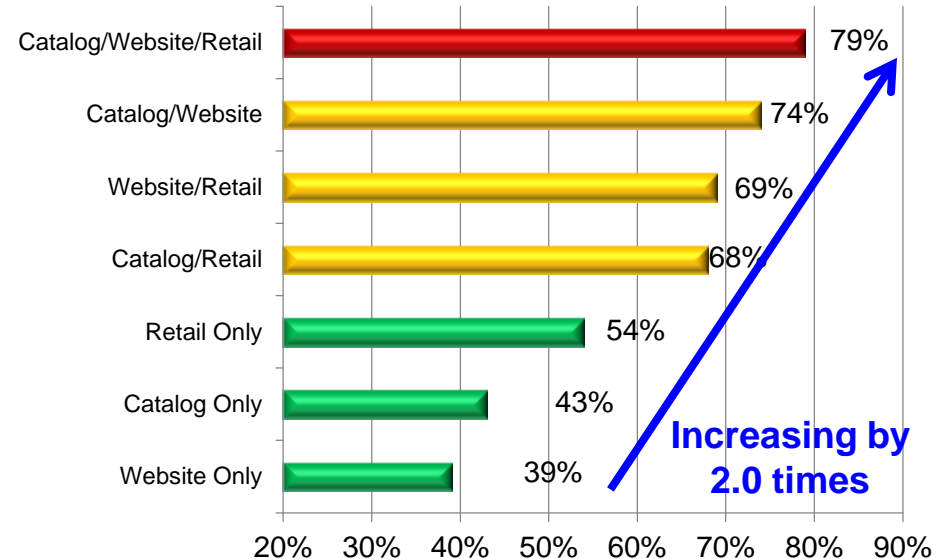
- Customers in Rewards have less percentage of churn both in Revenue Churn and Account Churn.
- Telecom company conducts loyalty or retention programs when finding valuable customers are reducing their orders or spending.

# ROI Case 8: Multi-Channel Users are More Profitable & Loyal

**Total Spend (\$)**



**Retention Rate in 2<sup>nd</sup> Year**



➤ Customers who interact with companies over multiple channels **are more profitable** than single-channel customers (**Increasing by 5.6 times**).

➤ In addition, companies need to conduct marketing communication and sales with more channels.

➤ Customers who interact with companies over multiple channels **are more loyal** than single-channel customers (**Increasing by 2.0 times**).

➤ More sales = Higher overall retention levels

